





#### PRINT VERSION - PLEASE SUBMIT ONLINE BEFORE 11.59PM MONDAY 20TH MARCH 2023.

#### Dr Kylie McNeill presents on Kids & Contact Lenses: The Considerations & Conversations

#### Q.1) Which of the following is TRUE regarding contact lens associated microbial keratitis in paediatric patients?

- A. Fluroquinolone topical medications can't be used in patients under 12 years of age, so contact lens fitting is considered inappropriate in this age group.
- B. The rate of microbial keratitis in children aged 8-12 years wearing soft disposable contact lenses is higher than in an adult population.
- C. Current literature reports the rate of microbial keratitis in teens (13-17 year olds) wearing soft CLs to be lower than in children (8-12 year olds).
- D. The rate of microbial keratitis in orthoK wear in children is estimated to be 13.9 per 10,000 patient years.

# Q.2) Which of the following therapeutic medications would be the most suitable monotherapy to instigate treatment for an 8 year old with contact lens associated microbial keratitis?

- A. Tobramycin 0.3% eye drops
- B. Ofloxacin 0.3% eye drops
- C. Ciprofloxacin 0.3% eye drops
- D. Chloramphenicol 0.5% eye drops

#### Q.3) Which of the following statements is FALSE regarding topical steroids for a paediatric patient?

- A. Paediatric patients are less likely to have steroid induced ocular hypertension compared to adults.
- B. Fluorometholone 0.1% (FML) can be prescribed for patients over 2 years of age.
- C. Intraocular pressure needs to be monitored more regularly in children.
- D. Corticosteroids should be used with caution in children under 2 years, as the different dose/weight ratio for young children increases the risk of adrenal suppression.

### Q.4) Which of the following is FALSE regarding the prescription of soft contact lenses for children under 12 years of age?

- A. On average it takes children 12 minutes longer to learn contact lens handling procedures compared to adults.
- B. HVID is usually less that 10mm so standard diameter soft CLs are too large to gain an ideal fit.
- C. Fitting children with contact lenses improves their self-perception of physical appearance, competence in athletics activities and social acceptance.
- There is a lower rate of microbial keratitis seen in children, than in teens and adults.

## Q.5) To treat a child with perennial allergic symptoms, all of the following ocular medications are available preservative free, except:

- A. Sodium cromoglycate 2%
- B. Ketotifen 0.025%
- C. Olopatidine 0.1%
- D. Sodium hyaluronate 0.1%









#### Elisse Higginbotham presents on Ocular Allergies In Kids & Teens

- Q.6) What was the prevalence of self-reported hay-fever and rhinoconjunctivitis respectively in 13-14yr-old children in Perth according to the ISAAC study?
  - A. 5.0%, 0.6%
  - B. 15%, 5%
  - C. 23%, 15%
  - D. 49%, 23%
- Q.7) What would be the best treatment protocol for seasonal allergic conjunctivitis in a 6-year-old child?
  - A. Zaditen bd + Children's Zyrtec daily
  - B. Naphcon-A tid + Phenergan every 6-8 hours
  - C. Sodium cromoglycate qid + oral steroids twice daily
  - D. Acular q4h + Panadol for kids prn
- Q.8) Which of the following would suggest increasing treatment to include a steroid?
  - A. Keratoconus
  - B. Horner-Trantas Dots
  - C. Allergic shiners
  - D. Conjunctival chemosis
- Q.9) Initial treatment for vernal keratoconjunctivitis would be most likely to include
  - A. Naphazoline and antazoline tid
  - B. Ketorolac bd
  - C. Sodium cromoglycate qd
  - D. Fluoromethalone acetate q1h
- Q.10) Damage to the corneal epithelium and basement membrane occurs in VKC due to
  - A. Increased number of TH2 lymphocytes
  - B. Eosinophil-derived Major Basic Protein (MBP) and matrix metallopeptidase (MMP-9)
  - C. Upregulation of histamine, leukotrienes and chemokines
  - D. Synthesis of IgE

This is a print version prepared in advance of WAVE for those that like to print and have with them at the conference & submit via online later. Online MCQS close 11.59pm AWST Monday 20<sup>th</sup> March 2023.

PRINT VERSION, PLEASE SUBMIT ONLINE. Use the MCQ ACCESS HUB or SINGLE ACCESS NO PASSWORD REQUIRED

